

## COVID-19 HANDLING TASK FORCE

### CIRCULAR LETTER NUMBER 12 OF 2021

#### REGARDING

### PROVISIONS OF THE DOMESTIC TRAVEL OF PEOPLE DURING THE CORONA VIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19) PANDEMIC

#### A. Background

1. whereas in the context of preventing and severing the chain of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) spread which potentially continues to increase through human mobility or travel of people, therefore specific provisions are required to regulate the domestic travel of people during the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic.
2. whereas the use of a domestically produced breath-based COVID-19 early detection tool, namely GeNose C19, will be expanded to all modes of transportation as a health screening alternative for domestic travelers during the COVID-19 pandemic.
3. whereas based on the considerations as referred to in number 1 and number 2, it is necessary to formulate the Covid-19 Handling Task Force Circular Letter regarding the Provisions for the Domestic Travel of People During the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Pandemic.

#### B. Purpose and Objectives

The purpose of this Circular Letter is to extend the validity period of the implementation of health protocols on the domestic travel of persons during the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic. Further, the objective of this Circular Letter shall:

1. increasing the implementation of health protocols in the new normal era for the creation of a life that is productive and safe from COVID-19;
2. preventing the increase in transmission of COVID-19; and
3. conducting restrictions for travelers using transportation modes of air, sea, train and land.

### C. Scope

The scope of this Circular Letter is the health protocol for Domestic Travel Actor (*Pelaku Perjalanan Dalam Negeri / "PPDN"*) who utilizes all modes of transportation throughout the territory of Indonesia.

### D. Legal Basis

1. Law Number 4 of 1984 regarding Outbreak of Communicable Disease;
2. Law Number 24 of 2007 regarding Disaster Management;
3. Law Number 6 of 2018 regarding Health Quarantine;
4. Government Regulation Number 21 of 2018 regarding Implementation of Disaster Management;
5. Government Regulation Number 21 of 2020 regarding Large-Scale Social Restrictions in to Accelerate the Handling of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19);
6. Presidential Regulation Number 82 of 2020 regarding the Committee of the Handling of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and National Economic Recovery, as amended by Presidential Regulation Number 108 of 2020 regarding Amendment of Presidential Regulation Number 82 of 2020 concerning the Committee of the Handling of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and National Economic Recovery;
7. Presidential Decree Number 11 of 2020 regarding Stipulation of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) as a Public Health Emergency;
8. Presidential Decree Number 12 of 2020 regarding Stipulation of the Non-Natural Disaster of Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) as National Disaster;
9. Instruction of the Minister of Home Affairs Number 6 of 2021 regarding the Enforcement of Restrictions on Micro-Based Community Activities and Optimizing Management of Corona Virus Disease 2019 Posts at the Village and Sub-District Level for the Handling of Spread of the Corona Virus Disease 2019.

### E. Definition

1. Domestic travel of persons is the movement of persons from one region to another based on territorial administrative border of the province/regency/city by using private or public modes of transportation either by way of land (roads), train, sea, river, lakes, crossing, and air.
2. Territory of agglomeration is the collection or centering in a certain location or area.

### F. Protocol

1. Every individual who undertakes the travel of persons is required to apply and comply with 3M's health protocols, which are: wearing a mask, keeping safe distance and avoiding crowds, as well as washing hands with soap or using handsanitizer.

2. The tightening of health protocol for the travel of persons which must be concluded as follows:
  - a. utilization of masks must be conducted correctly by covering the nose and mouth;
  - b. the type of masks which must be used by travelers are 3-layered sheet masks or medical masks;
  - c. during travel, it is prohibited to have a one-way or two-way conversation both directly or through a telephone throughout the course of the travel by way of land, train, sea, river, lake, crossing and air public mode of transportations; and
  - d. it is prohibited to eat and drink throughout the course of a flight of less than 2 hours' time, except for individuals who must consume medicine for health purposes, in which if such medicine is not taken then it may endanger the health and safety of such individual.
3. Domestic Travel Actor (PPDN) must follow the provisions as following:
  - a. each individual who undertakes the travel of persons by using a private or public vehicle is responsible for their own health, as well as to follow and comply with the applicable terms and conditions;
  - b. travelers of air transportation must present a certificate of negative RT-PCR test result, in which its sample shall be taken under 3x24 hours at the latest prior to departure, or a negative result of an antigen rapid test in which its samples is taken within a maximum period of 2x24 hours before departure, or a negative result of the GeNose C19 test at the Airport before departure as a requirement for traveling and to fill-out the e-HAC Indonesia;
  - c. travelers of sea transportation must present a certificate of negative of the RT-PCR test result, or a negative antigen rapid test result, in which its sample shall be taken under 3 x 24 hours at the latest prior to departure, or a negative result of the GeNose C19 test at the Port before departure as a requirement for traveling and to fill-out the e-HAC Indonesia;
  - d. travelers of sea crossing must present a certificate of negative antigen rapid test result, in which its sample shall be taken under 3 x 24 hours at the latest prior to departure, or a negative result of the GeNose C19 test at the port before departure while waiting for the decision to implement the RT-PCR test as a travel requirement and to fill-out the e-HAC Indonesia;
  - e. particularly for routine travels within the Island of Java with the mode of transportation of sea that has a purpose to provide service to sail to limited location between islands or between domestic ports within one territory of agglomeration or by way of a land transportation, both private and public, within one territory of agglomeration of a city is not required to present a letter of RT-PCR/antigen rapid test/GeNose C19 test result as a travel requirement but shall be imposed with a random check if so required by the Regional COVID-19 Handling Task Force;

- f. travelers of inter-city train shall be required to show a certificate of negative RT-PCR test result, or negative antigen rapid test in which its sample shall be taken under 3 x 24 hours at the latest prior to departure, or a negative result of the GeNose C19 test at the train station before departure as a travel requirement;
  - g. travelers of public transportation of land will be subjected to a random antigen rapid test/GeNose C19 test if so required by the Regional COVID-19 Handling Task Force;
  - h. travelers of private transportation of land, are advised to carry out an RT-PCR test or antigen rapid test in which its sample shall be taken under 3 x 24 hours at the latest prior to departure, or a negative result of the GeNose C19 test in the rest area as a requirement to continue the journey and random tests will be carried out if necessary by the Regional COVID-19 Handling Task Force;
  - i. specifically for trips to the Island of Bali by transportation of air, sea and land, both private and public, must present a certificate of a negative RT-PCR test result or a negative antigen rapid test result in which its sample shall be taken under 2 x 24 hours at the latest prior to departure, or a negative result of the GeNose C19 test at airports, seaports, and terminals before departure as a travel requirement and to fill out e-HAC Indonesia;
  - j. the filling-out of e-HAC Indonesia is encouraged for travelers using all modes of land transportation, both public and private, except for travelers of air and sea who are required to fill-out the e-HAC Indonesia;
  - k. children under the age of 5 years old is not required to take an RT-PCR/antigen rapid test/GeNose C19 test as a travel requirement;
  - l. if the results of the RT-PCR test/antigen rapid test/GeNose C19 test of the traveler is negative, but said individual has shown a symptom, then said traveler is prohibited to continue their travel and is required to undertake an RT-PCR diagnostic test and independent isolation during the waiting period of said test result; and
  - m. ministries/institutions/regional officials that carry out functions related to land/sea/air/train transportation shall follow up this Circular Letter by issuing legal instruments with reference to this Circular Letter and the applicable laws and regulations.
4. The provision as referred to in number 3 shall not be applicable to pioneer mode of transportations which includes bordering territories and 3T (*tertinggal, terdepan, terluar* or disadvantaged, frontier and the outermost areas).
  5. Ministry/Institution, Provincial/Regency/City Government that will apply specific terms and conditions in relation with travel within its region, may follow-up by way of issuing a legal instrument that is in accordance and not in contradiction with this Circular Letter.

6. The Circular Letter regulating on the specific terms and conditions meant in number 5 constitutes as an inseparable part of this Circular Letter.

#### **G. Monitoring, Control and Evaluation**

1. The Regional COVID-19 Handling Task Force shall be assisted by the public transportation administration authority, to administer the control of the travel of persons and safe public transportation from COVID-19 by forming an Integrated Security Post;;
2. Authorities, managers, and administrators of public transportation shall assign supervision during the administration of public transportation operations;
3. Ministries/Institutions, TNI, POLRI, and Regional Governments shall have the authority to stop and/or conduct prohibition on travel of persons on the basis of this Circular Letter which is in accordance and not in contradiction and/or the laws and regulations;
4. Authorized agencies (Ministries/Institutions, TNI, POLRI, and Regional Governments) shall conduct disciplinary of the COVID-19 health protocol and the enforcement of law in with the laws and regulations; and
5. Falsification of the RT-PCR test result/rapid test antigen/GeNose C19 test that is used as a travel requirement shall be imposed bysanctions in accordance with the laws and regulations.

#### **H. Closing**

This Circular Letter shall be effective as of April 1, 2021 until a later date is determined in accordance with the requirements and/or with the latest developments in the field.

Therefore, to serve as a guidance and to be implemented with full responsibility.

Stipulated in Jakarta,  
On March 26, 2021

Head of the Disaster  
Management National Body as  
the Head  
of the COVID-19 Handling Task  
Force,

[signed and stamped]

Doni Monardo

Copies to:

1. President of the Republic of Indonesia;
2. Vice President of the Republic of Indonesia;
3. Head of Committee for the Policy of the Handling of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and the National Economy Recovery;
4. Head of The National Economic Recovery Task Force;
5. Ministers/Heads of Institutions;
6. Commander of the Indonesian Armed Forces (TNI)
7. Head of the National Police (POLRI); and
8. Head of the Regional Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Handling Task Force.