

#### **COVID-19 HANDLING TASK UNIT**

# CIRCULAR LETTER NUMBER 11 YEAR 2022 REGARDING

# CONDITIONS FOR DOMESTIC PEOPLE DURING THE CORONA VIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19) PANDEMIC

# A. Background

- Whereas in order to follow up the dynamics of the situation of the spread of the SARS-CoV-2 virus as well as efforts to restore the national economy, it is necessary to regulate the legal provisions for the travel of domestic people during the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic.
- 2. Whereas based on the results of a cross-sectoral evaluation of the development of COVID-19 conditions at the National level, it is deemed necessary to adjust several provisions in the Circular Letter of the Task Force for Handling Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Number 22 of 2021 concerning Provisions for Travelling Domestic People during The Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Pandemic Period.
- 3. Whereas based on the considerations as referred to in number 1 and number 2, it is necessary to stipulate a Circular Letter of the Task Force for Handling Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) concerning Provisions for Travel of Domestic People during the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Pandemic Period.

## **B.** Purpose and Objective

The purpose of this Circular Letter is to implement health protocols for domestic travellers. The purpose of this Circular Letter is to prevent an increase in the transmission of Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)



# C. Scope

The scope of this Circular Letter is a health protocol for Domestic Travel Actors (*PPDN*) who use all models of transportation throughout Indonesia.

#### D. Legal Basis

- 1. Law Number 4 of 1984 concerning Outbreaks of Communicable Diseases;
- 2. Law Number 24 of 2007 concerning Disaster Management;
- 3. Law Number 6 of 2018 concerning Health Quarantine;
- Government Regulation Number 21 of 2018 concerning the Implementation of Disaster Management;
- Government Regulation Number 21 of 2020 concerning Large-Scale Social Restrictions in the Context of Accelerating Handling of Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19);
- 6. Presidential Regulation Number 82 of 2020 concerning the Committee for Handling Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and National Economic Recovery, as amended by Presidential Regulation Number 108 of 2020 concerning Amendments to Presidential Regulation Number 82 of 2020 concerning Committee for Handling Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and National Economic Recovery;
- 7. Presidential Decree Number 11 of 2020 concerning the Determination of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Public Health Emergency;
- 8. Presidential Decree Number 12 of 2020 concerning the Determination of Non-Natural Disasters Spreading Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) as National Disasters;
- Presidential Decree of the Republic of Indonesia Number 24 of 2021 concerning Determination of the Factual Status of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Pandemic in Indonesia; and
- 10. Resolution of the Limited Meeting on March 7, 2022

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#### E. Definition

1. Domestic Travel Actors, hereinafter abbreviated as *PPDN*, is a person who moves from one area to another based on the administrative boundaries of

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theprovince/regency/city by using private or public transportation modes either by land, railway, sea, river, lake, ferry, and air, except for pioneer flights, sea transportation to small islands, and essential logistics distribution needs.

- 2. Agglomeration is a unitary area consisting of several city centres or districts that are interconnected either by land or by sea.
- 3. Reverse-Transcriptase Polymerase Chain Reaction, hereinafter referred to as RT-PCR, is a type of diagnostic test that detects viral genetic material originating from certain samples, such as the nasopharyngeal/oropharyngeal swab test, using the reverse transcriptase enzyme and polymerase chain reaction.
- 4. Rapid antigen test is a method of direct detection of protein or viral antigen by lateral flow immunoassay whose samples are derived from nasopharyngeal swab tests or other respiratory and oral secretion fluids.
- 5. Implementation of Social Restrictions of Activity, hereinafter referred to as PPKM, is a tiered COVID-19 control policy from the central to the community level whose determination is based on an assessment at the Regency/City level of the Indicators for Adjusting Public Health Efforts and Social Restrictions in Handling the COVID-19 Pandemic by the Minister of Health.

#### F. Protocol

- Every individual who travels is required to apply and comply with 3M's health protocols, namely: wearing a mask, keeping a distance and avoiding crowds, and washing hands with soap or using hand sanitizer.
- 2. Tightening of people's travel health protocols that need to be carried out in the form of:
  - a. Use a 3-ply cloth mask or medical mask that covers the nose, mouth and chin;
  - b. Change masks periodically every four hours, and dispose of waste masks in the places provided;
  - c. Washing hands regularly using water and soap or hand sanitizer, especially after touching objects touched by other people;
  - d. Maintain a minimum distance of 1.5 meters from other people and avoid crowds;



- e. It is not permitted to speak one way or two ways by telephone or in person throughout the trip using public transportation modes of land, rail, sea, river, lake, ferry, and air;
- f. It is not allowed to eat and drink during the flight journey for a journey that is less than 2 hours, except for individuals who are obliged to take medicine for treatment which if not done can endanger the safety and health of the person.
- 3. Domestic Travel Actors (*PPDN*) must comply with the following provisions:
  - Everyone who travels by private or public vehicle is responsible for his/her own health, and is subject to and complies with the applicable terms and conditions;
  - b. Every PPDN is required to use the *PeduliLindungi* application as a condition for traveling domestically.
  - c. PPDN with air, sea, land transportation modes using private or public vehicles, crossings, and intercity trains from and to regions throughout Indonesia, the following provisions apply:
    - PPDN who have received a second dose of vaccination or a third dose of vaccination (booster) are not required to show a negative result of the RT-PCR test or rapid antigen test;
    - 2) PPDN that has received the first dose of vaccination is required to show a negative result of the RT-PCR test whose sample is taken within 3 x 24 hours or a rapid antigen test whose sample is taken within 1 x 24 hours before departure as a condition of travel;
    - 3) PPDN with special health conditions or comorbid diseases that prevent travellers from receiving vaccinations must show a negative result of the RT-PCR test whose sample is taken within a maximum period of 3 x 24 hours or a rapid antigen test whose sample is taken within a maximum period of 1 x 24 hours prior to departure as a travel requirement and a requirement, it is mandatory to attach a doctor's certificate from a Government Hospital stating that the person concerned has not and/or is unable to take part in the COVID-19 vaccination; or



- 4) PPDN under the age of 6 years can travel with a travel companion and implement strict health protocols.
- d. Specifically for routine trips using land transportation modes using private or public vehicles, and trains in one urban agglomeration area/area are exempted from the travel requirements as regulated in letter c.
- 4. The provisions as referred to in number 3 are excluded for pioneering modes of transportation including in border areas, 3T areas (lagging, leading, outermost), and limited shipping according to the conditions of each area.
- 5. Every transportation mode operator is required to use the *PeduliLindungi* application to check the travel requirements for each PPDN.
- Ministries/Institutions, Provincial/Regency/Municipal Governments that will apply special criteria and requirements regarding travel agents in their area, may follow up by issuing other legal instruments that are in line with and do not conflict with this Circular Letter.
- 7. Other legal instruments that regulate the specific criteria and requirements as referred to in number 6 are an integral part of this circular letter.

### G. Monitoring, Control and Evaluation

- The Regional COVID-19 Handling Task Force, which is assisted by the public transportation organizing authority, will jointly control people's travel and safe public transportation for COVID-19 by establishing an Integrated Security Post;
- 2. The authorities, managers and operators of public transportation carry out supervision during the operation of public transportation;
- Ministries/Institutions, TNI, POLRI, and Regional Governments have the right to stop and/or prohibit people's travel on the basis of this Circular Letter which is consistent and does not conflict with and/or the provisions of laws and regulations;
- 4. Authorized agencies (Ministries/Institutions, TNI, POLRI, and Local Governments) carry out disciplining of COVID-19 health protocols and law enforcement in accordance with the provisions of applicable laws and regulations;

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5. Public transportation administration authorities and/or officers examining negative certificates for RT-PCR tests or rapid test antigens as travel requirements are required to verify the validity of certificates based on the names of COVID-19 network laboratories and health facilities registered with the Indonesian Ministry of Health to prevent falsification of certificates of test results; and

 Falsification of RT-PCR test certificate or rapid test antigen, doctor certificate, and other travel certificates that is used as a requirement for the travel of people shall be imposed with sanctions in accordance with the laws and regulations.

#### H. Closing

1. This Circular Letter is effective from March 8, 2022 until a later time will be determined and will be evaluated further in accordance with the latest developments in the field or the evaluation results from Ministries/Institutions.

 With the enactment of this Circular Letter. The Circular Letter of the Task Force for Handling COVID-19 Number 22 of 2021 concerning Provisions for Travel of Domestic People during the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Pandemic is revoked and declared invalid.

This is so that it can be guided and carried out with full responsibility.

Stipulated in: Jakarta

Dated: March 8, 2022

Head of the National Disaster Management Agency as Chair of the COVID-19 Handling Task Force,

(Signed and stamped)

Major General of the Indonesian National Army Suharyanto, S.Sos., M.M



# Copied to:

- 1. President of the Republic of Indonesia;
- 2. Vice President of the Republic of Indonesia;
- Chairman of the Policy Committee for Handling Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and National Economic Recovery;
- 4. Minister/ Heads of Institutions;
- 5. TNI Commander;
- 6. National Police Chief;
- 7. Head of the National Economic Recovery Task Force; and

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8. Head of the Regional Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Handling Task Force